

# Stability of Flapping-of-Wings Flight of Butterfly

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## Background & Objective

Butterflies can maintain desired flapping-of-wings flights stably against disturbances, e.g. gust, because of their adaptation-capability, even though they seem just repeat rhythmical and periodic motions. What are the veiled mechanisms to stabilize the flapping-of-wings flights?

We would like to clarify effects to stabilize the flights focusing on flowfield generated by the flapping-of-wings motions.

## Approach



### 1. Experiments

- motion measurement using cameras
- aerodynamic forces
- airflow visualization

### 2. Mathematical model

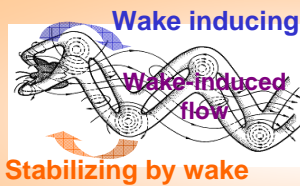
- rigid multibody system
- unsteady flow

### 3. Stability analysis using mathematical model

- joint trajectory search for periodic flapping-of-wings flight
- perturbation analysis for trajectory stability
- comparison with and without free-vortices

periodic flapping-of-wings flight: same trajectory of entire motion is repeated every flapping period

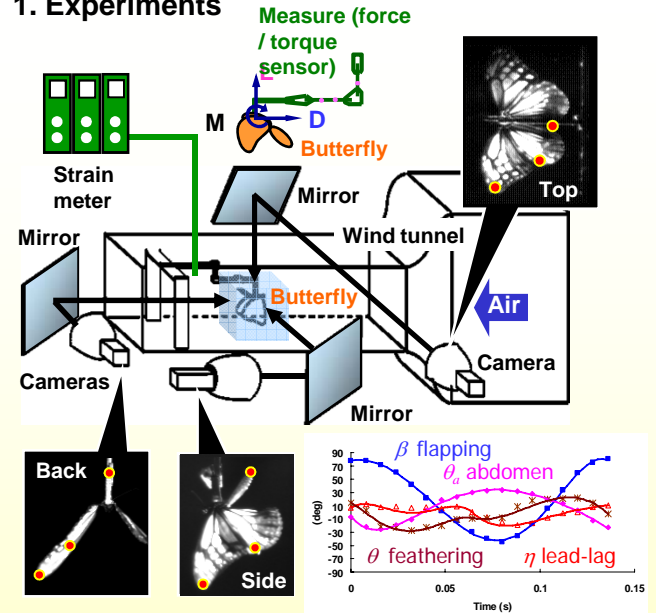
## Result



Butterfly flies making the unsteady wake-induced flow (free-vortices)!  
 Flapping-of-wings flight is stabilized by the wake-induced flow (free-vortices)!

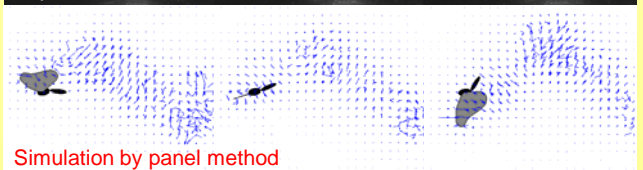
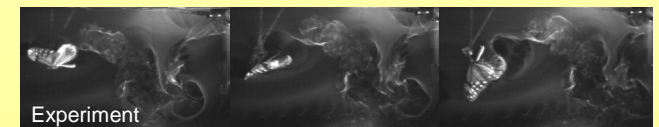
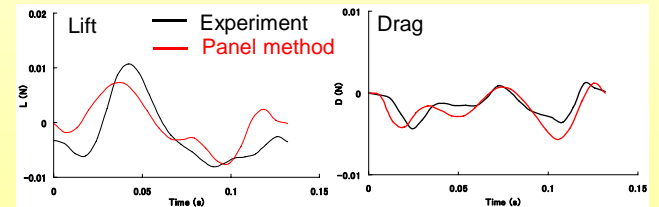
Senda, et al., "Stabilization of Flapping-of-Wings Flight of a Butterfly, Considering Wakes," in Bio-mechanisms of Swimming and Flying - ISABMEC2006-, Springer, Tokyo, 2007. (in press)

## 1. Experiments



## 2. Mathematical model

Mathematical model in good agreement with measured data  
 multibody dynamics using Lagrangian equations  
 + aerodynamics using panel method



## 3. Stability analysis using mathematical model

	flowfield	almost periodic flight	Flight with initial perturbation	stability
(a) with wakes		 $T=0.18$ (sec) $\theta_t = 32.0$ (deg) $\theta_t = 31.5$ (deg) 242mm (1.31m/sec)	 $T=0.18$ (sec) $\theta_t = 32.3$ (deg) $\theta_t = 38.1$ (deg) 242mm (1.32m/sec)	 rather stable
(b) without wakes		 $T=0.18$ (sec) $\theta_t = 18.1$ (deg) $\theta_t = 18.9$ (deg) 322mm (1.75m/sec)	 $T=0.18$ (sec) $\theta_t = -97.4$ (deg) $\theta_t = 25.5$ (deg) 343mm (1.86m/sec)	 unstable